# **IJARSCT**



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

Volume 2, Issue 3, May 2022

# Portable Biometric Attendance System using Raspberry Pi

Shivani G. Dharmale, Tushar G. Ingole, Saurabh Gajghume, Roshan Kale

Department of Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Technology and Research Amravati, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: In the entire world, every educational organization is concerned about the attendance of individuals because this harms their overallperformance. In the conventional method attendance of students is taken by calling out the names of students orsigning on paper which is extremely time overwhelming. To eliminate this problem one of the solutions is a biometric-based attendance system that would be able to automatically capture the students' attendance by recognizing their fingerprints. Fingerprint recognition is regarded as one of the most reliable, accurate, and efficient biometric identification systems. The module enrolls the student's fingerprints. Enrolling is a one-time process. The fingerprints are stored in the fingerprint. At the same time, it is updated in a database. When the users log into the database, the data is sent through Wi-Fi to the server. The server maintains the records of the students. If the student's attendance goes below a certain percentage, an SMS will be sent to their registered mobile number. In many real-time applications, biometric authentication is used.

Keywords: Biometric Attendance System.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Now-a-days people face many problems andfake identity is one of the core problems in the whole world. Moving towards the digital era biometric technologies have become more and more popular. Attendance is a concept that exists in different places like institutions, organizations, hospitals, etc. duringevery lecture to mark a person's presence. The way of taking attendance in a class includes a pen, an attendance sheet, and a person. Thus, the drawbacks arise as it consumes time, needs manual work and the most important, information or the attendance can be manipulated. The new procedure of taking attendance using fingerprint is easier and therefore overcomes all the above-mentioned drawbacks. A fingerprint is based on a biometric system that records the attendance automatically. This attendance system consists of a Raspberry-pi, the heart of the project and fingerprint sensor which is used to detect the person's identification.

For example, in college or school, the student needs to place their finger on the fingerprint sensor to obtain their attendance. The fingerprint captured is recorded in flash memory. Each time it is checked whether the obtained fingerprint matches the record in the flash memory. Place their finger on the fingerprint sensor to obtain their attendance. The fingerprint captured is recorded in flash memory. Each time it is checked whether the obtained fingerprint matches the record in the flash memory. By making use of this system, we overcome the problems such as proxy signatures and security risks by recognizing their fingerprints. Enrolling is a one-time process. The fingerprints are stored in the fingerprint sensor. The attendance of each student is displayed on LCD. At the same time, it is updated in a database. When the users log into the database, the data is m sent through Wi-Fi to the server. The server maintains the records of the students. If the student's attendance goes below acertain percentage, an SMS will be sent to their registered mobile number. In many real-time applications, biometric authentication is used to eliminate proxy so no student can give attendance to their absent friends. The software platform used is Raspberry-pi (Linux OS), Python programming language.

#### II. PROPOSED WORK

The system would comprise of two major elements via Raspberry Pi, module, and fingerprint sensor module. The module would enroll the student's fingerprints. Enrolling would be a one-time process. The fingerprint sensor stores the fingerprints. The vibrator will indicate the attendance of each student andat the same time, it is updated in a database. When the users log into the database, the data is sent through Wi- Fi to the cloud server. The server maintains the records of the students. If the student's attendance goes below a certain percentage, an SMS would be sent to their registered mobile number. This

Copyright to IJARSCT DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-3712 94
www.ijarsct.co.in

# **IJARSCT**



## International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

## Volume 2, Issue 3, May 2022

System is capable oftransmitting and receiving the data from the cloud. A user can easily get retrieval of data over an indefinite time.

In case a component or a module is not working in the proper manner system has a functionality switch which is the 'SELF TEST' switch by operating that key system will test its components and module and report it to the user by a specific indication.

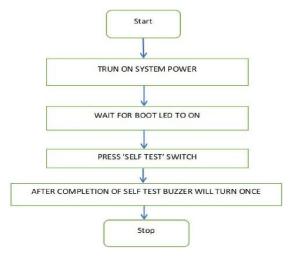


Figure (a): Self Test Flow

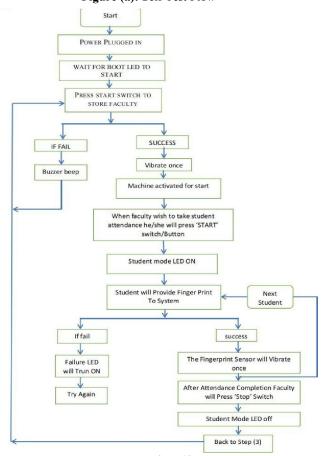


Figure (b): Flow Chart

DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-3712



## International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

#### Volume 2, Issue 3, May 2022

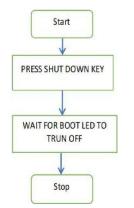


Figure (c): SHUTDOWN Flow

#### III. LITERATURE SURVEY

For a beginning version of the attendance system is taking attendance through paper one class by one. This will lead to the cost of time, personal involvement and leads to confusion of the wrong attendance system. The enrolment of student fingerprints is another type of attendance system. Enrolling is one-time process. The students' fingerprintsare stored in a fingerprint sensor. After the thumb impression, it will compare with the present fingerprint. Then attendance of each student is displayed and at the same time, it will be updated in the database. It will maintain student records. This process is working through the Wi-Fi server. If a student attendance percentage goes below they will get a message to their mobile through SMS. In the research of the attendance system, raspberry pi is utilized to build an economic biometric system. Raspberry pi is a compactablemicrocomputer with abilities of PC. By utilizing biometric technology, IoT based biometrics was used. The encrypted biometric information is stored on the cloud and the authentication is created through biometric services as host on cloud. But it does not give the printout automatically. RFID tag is an electronic tag.It is used to send the printer. RFID is based on the process of attendance system. This system does not takeprintout automatically. Our biometric sensor compares the digitized fingerprint and present fingerprint. And it will automatically send the document to the mail automatically to take printout. The attendance database will be stored on the server.

#### IV. BLOCK DIAGRAM

Raspberry pi contains the segmentation ofstorage and Bluetooth module. It contains the digitizedinformation of the fingerprint of a person. Biometricsensor is used to digitize the information after thumbprinting on the sensor. Raspberry pi compares thethumbprint information with the present thumbprint. If the time is out for the attendance it considered as lateattendance or not accepting the thumbprint. After fiveminutes, the document will send to the authorized person's sms.

#### 4.1 Flow Chart

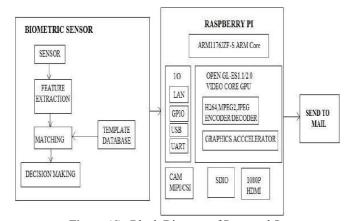


Figure (d): Block Diagram of Proposed System DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-3712

# **IJARSCT**



## International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

#### Volume 2, Issue 3, May 2022

The collected attendance information are sent to the most computer of the organization or cloud and that we cancheck it as email. The raspberry pi is that the microcontroller used which controllers the entire hardware component and python is employed because the software tool. Then after 5 minutes send the mail for authorized person

#### V. CONCLUSION

This paper has successfully presented the design and development of portable attendance system which is based on fingerprint identification. The system would help to reduce many issues such as, avoiding the possibilities of marking fake attendance, helps to ease the lecturers to keep track of students' attendance, the encryption technique adds more security so there will be no anonymous fingerprint which will be able to hamper with the recorded data, and the portability saves time in taking attendance instead of queuing in a line.

#### REFERENCES

- [1]. Arul Ogun O. T., Olatunbosun, A., Fakolujo O. A., and Olaniyi, O. M,"RFID Based Student Attendance Management System", International Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research Volume 4, Issue 2, February-2013
- [2]. ShivaniJijankar, AnandDhore, KapilChalkhure, "RFID based student attendance management system", International Advance Research Journal in Science, Engineering and Technology, Vol 4, Issue 9, September 2017
- [3]. K.LakshmiSudha, ShirishShinde, Titus Thomas, ArisAbdugani, 'Barcode based Student Attendance System', International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 8887) Volume 119 No.2, June 2015
- [4]. Raj Kiran T, T Abhinav, V Nafeez, Adithya H B, Amulya S, R Meghana, Sunil MP,' Student Database Management And Enquiry System Using Barcode Scanner', Vol-1 Issue-5 2016.
- [5]. HemaSubramaniam ,MarinaHassan, Setyawan Widyarto,' Bar Code Scanner Based Student Attendance System (SAS)', Jurnal TICOM Vol.1 No.3 Mei 2013
- [6]. Peter Peer and Jernej Bule, Jerneja Zganec Gros and Vitomir Struc., Building Cloud-based Biometric Services, Informatica 37 (2013) 115–122.
- [7]. http://www.raspberrypi.org, About raspberry Pi.
- [8]. http://www.gartner.com/newsroom/id/2944719.
- [9]. Abdullah Abdulaziz Albaldah, Towards Secure, Trusted, and Privacy-Enhanced Cloud, Ph.D. thesis.
- [10]. M. A. Sasse, S. Brostoff, and D. Weirich, Transforming the weakest links human/computer interaction approach to usable and effective security, BT technology, Journal, vol.19, no.3, pp.122–131, 2001.

DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-3712