

# Risk of Job Loss Due to Artificial Intelligence in Accounting Field

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**Abstract:** Mobile banking refers to the use of mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets to perform financial transactions. It has revolutionized the banking sector by making services accessible anytime and anywhere.

With the rise of digitalization and internet penetration in India, mobile banking has become an essential part of financial services. Traditional banking methods required physical presence, but mobile banking has eliminated this need.

**Keywords:** Mobile banking refers to the use of mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets to perform financial transactions. It has revolutionized the banking sector by making services accessible anytime and anywhere.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Mobile banking refers to the use of mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets to perform financial transactions. It has revolutionized the banking sector by making services accessible anytime and anywhere.

With the rise of digitalization and internet penetration in India, mobile banking has become an essential part of financial services. Traditional banking methods required physical presence, but mobile banking has eliminated this need.

The introduction of UPI, mobile apps, and digital wallets has further accelerated the growth of mobile banking in India.

## II. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The objectives of this research study are designed to provide a clear understanding of the role and impact of mobile banking in the modern banking sector. The study aims to analyse both the benefits and challenges associated with mobile banking and how it has transformed traditional banking practices.

### 1. To Understand the Concept of Mobile Banking

The primary objective of this study is to understand the concept and functioning of mobile banking. It focuses on how mobile banking services operate, the types of services offered, and how they differ from traditional banking methods. This helps in building a strong theoretical foundation for the research.

### 2. To Analyse the Impact on the Banking Sector

This study aims to evaluate how mobile banking has influenced the overall banking industry. It includes analysing improvements in operational efficiency, reduction in costs, increased digital transactions, and the shift from branch-based banking to digital platforms.

### 3. To Study Customer Behaviour

Another important objective is to examine how mobile banking has changed customer behaviour. The study focuses on customer preferences, frequency of usage, dependence on mobile apps, and the shift towards cashless transactions. It also looks at customer satisfaction levels and trust in mobile banking services.

### 4. To Identify Advantages and Challenges

The research aims to highlight the major advantages such as convenience, accessibility, and time- saving features of mobile banking. At the same time, it also identifies challenges like security risks, lack of awareness, technical issues, and trust concerns among users.



### **5. To Examine Future Growth Opportunities**

The study also aims to explore the future scope of mobile banking in the banking sector. It includes advancements such as artificial intelligence, biometric authentication, and blockchain technology, which are expected to further enhance mobile banking services.

### **6. To Evaluate the Role in Financial Inclusion**

Mobile banking plays a significant role in providing banking services to rural and underdeveloped areas. This objective focuses on how mobile banking helps in increasing financial inclusion by making banking services accessible to a larger population.

### **7. To Analyse the Role of Technology in Banking Transformation**

This objective studies how technological advancements have enabled the growth of mobile banking and how banks are adapting to digital transformation.

## **III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

The research methodology refers to the systematic and structured approach used to conduct the study and achieve the research objectives. It provides a clear framework for collecting, analysing, and interpreting data related to the impact of mobile banking on the banking sector.

This research is primarily based on secondary data, which has been collected from reliable and authentic sources such as:

- Research papers published in academic journals
- Reports and publications of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
- Official websites of various banks
- Articles, online databases, and financial publications

The use of secondary data helps in gaining a broader understanding of trends, developments, and patterns in mobile banking without conducting primary surveys.

### **Research Design**

The study follows a descriptive research design, as it aims to describe and analyse the impact of mobile banking on various aspects of the banking sector. This design is suitable because it focuses on observing and explaining existing conditions rather than experimenting with variables.

### **Scope of the Study**

The scope of this research is limited to analysing the impact of mobile banking within the banking sector, particularly in the Indian context. It includes studying customer behaviour, banking operations, and technological advancements related to mobile banking.

### **Limitations of the Study**

Every research has certain limitations, and this study is no exception:

- The study is based only on secondary data, which may not reflect real-time changes
- Lack of primary data such as surveys or interviews
- The research is limited to general trends and may not represent all banks
- Rapid technological changes may affect the relevance of data over time

### **Significance of the Study**

This study is significant as it helps in understanding how mobile banking is transforming the banking sector. It provides insights into customer preferences, operational efficiency, and future trends. It is also useful for students, researchers, and banking professionals to understand the growing importance of digital banking.



#### **IV. LITERATURE REVIEW**

The literature review provides an overview of previous studies and research conducted on the topic of mobile banking and its impact on the banking sector. It helps in understanding existing knowledge, identifying research gaps, and building a strong theoretical base for the study.

Several researchers and scholars have examined the role of mobile banking in transforming the banking industry. Most studies highlight that mobile banking has significantly improved customer convenience by allowing users to access banking services anytime and anywhere. This accessibility has reduced the dependency on physical bank branches and minimized waiting time for customers.

##### **• Impact on Customer Satisfaction**

Many studies indicate that mobile banking has a positive impact on customer satisfaction. Researchers have found that factors such as ease of use, speed of transactions, and availability of services contribute to higher satisfaction levels among users. Customers prefer mobile banking due to its user-friendly interface and the ability to perform multiple transactions in a short period of time.

However, some studies also suggest that customer satisfaction depends on trust and security. If users feel that their financial data is not safe, they may hesitate to use mobile banking services despite its convenience.

##### **• Impact on Operational Efficiency**

Previous research shows that mobile banking has improved the operational efficiency of banks. By reducing the need for physical branches and manual processes, banks are able to lower their operational costs. Digital transactions are faster and require less human intervention, which increases productivity.

Researchers also highlight that mobile banking enables banks to handle a large number of transactions simultaneously, improving service delivery and reducing errors.

##### **• Financial Inclusion**

One of the most significant contributions of mobile banking, as identified in various studies, is its role in promoting financial inclusion. Mobile banking has made it possible for people in rural and remote areas to access banking services without the need for physical infrastructure.

Studies show that mobile banking helps in bringing unbanked populations into the formal financial system, thereby supporting economic development and reducing inequality.

##### **• Challenges and Risks Identified in Literature**

Despite its advantages, several researchers have pointed out challenges associated with mobile banking. The most common issue highlighted is security risk, including cyber fraud, phishing attacks, and hacking.

Another challenge is the lack of awareness and digital literacy, especially among older users and rural populations. Some studies also emphasize technical issues, such as poor internet connectivity and application failures, which can affect user experience.

Trust remains a key factor influencing the adoption of mobile banking. If users do not trust the system, they are less likely to use it regularly.

##### **• Research Gap**

Although many studies have analysed the benefits and challenges of mobile banking, there is still a need for more research focusing on:

- Changing customer behaviour in the Indian context
- The long-term impact on traditional banking systems
- The effectiveness of security measures



This study aims to address these gaps by providing a comprehensive analysis of mobile banking and its impact on the banking sector.

**• Summary of Literature Review**

In conclusion, the literature suggests that mobile banking has brought significant improvements in customer satisfaction, operational efficiency, and financial inclusion. However, challenges such as security concerns, lack of awareness, and trust issues continue to affect its adoption. Therefore, while mobile banking is a powerful tool for banking transformation, its success depends on addressing these challenges effectively.

**V. CONCEPT OF MOBILE BANKING**

Mobile banking is a digital service provided by banks that allows customers to perform financial transactions using mobile devices.

It includes services such as:

- Fund transfer
- Bill payments
- Balance enquiry
- Online shopping payments
- Investment services

Mobile banking operates through applications provided by banks or third-party platforms. It uses internet connectivity and secure systems to ensure safe transactions.

It is a key component of digital banking and plays an important role in modern financial systems.

**VI. GROWTH OF MOBILE BANKING IN INDIA**

Mobile banking in India has witnessed rapid growth over the past decade. Factors contributing to this growth include:

- Increase in smartphone users
- Affordable internet services
- Government initiatives like Digital India
- Introduction of UPI

The number of mobile banking users has increased significantly, and digital transactions have become common.

Banks have developed user-friendly mobile applications to attract customers and improve services.

**VII. IMPACT ON BANKING SECTOR**

Mobile banking has brought a major transformation in the banking sector by changing how banks operate and deliver services. It has shifted the focus from traditional branch-based banking to digital platforms, making banking more efficient and accessible.

**1. Increased Operational Efficiency**

Mobile banking has significantly improved the efficiency of banking operations. Transactions that earlier required manual processing can now be completed instantly through mobile applications. This reduces waiting time and increases the speed of service delivery. Banks are able to handle a large number of transactions simultaneously without increasing manpower.

**2. Cost Reduction**

One of the most important impacts of mobile banking is the reduction in operational costs. Banks no longer need to invest heavily in physical branches, infrastructure, and staff. Digital transactions reduce paperwork and administrative expenses. This helps banks improve profitability.



### **3. Financial Inclusion**

Mobile banking plays a crucial role in promoting financial inclusion. It enables people in rural and remote areas to access banking services without visiting a bank branch. This has helped in bringing unbanked populations into the formal financial system, contributing to economic growth.

### **4. Improved Customer Experience**

Mobile banking has enhanced customer experience by providing convenience and flexibility. Customers can access banking services anytime and anywhere. Features like instant fund transfer, bill payments, and account monitoring improve satisfaction levels.

### **5. Increased Competition Among Banks**

With the rise of mobile banking, competition among banks has increased. Banks are now focusing on developing user-friendly mobile applications and innovative digital services to attract customers. This has led to continuous improvement in banking technology.

### **6. Digital Transformation of Banking**

Mobile banking has accelerated the digital transformation of the banking sector. Banks are adopting advanced technologies such as artificial intelligence and data analytics to improve services. This transformation is essential for survival in the modern competitive environment.

## **VIII. IMPACT ON CUSTOMER BEHAVIOUR**

Mobile banking has significantly changed customer behaviour and the way people interact with banks.

### **1. Shift Towards Digital Transactions**

Customers now prefer digital payments over cash transactions. Mobile banking has made it easy to transfer money, pay bills, and shop online. This has increased the adoption of cashless transactions.

### **2. Reduced Dependency on Bank Branches**

Earlier, customers had to visit bank branches for basic services. With mobile banking, most transactions can be done from home. This has reduced the number of physical visits to banks.

### **3. Increased Financial Awareness**

Mobile banking apps provide features like transaction history and expense tracking. This helps customers manage their finances better and increases financial awareness.

### **4. Change in Expectations**

Customers now expect quick, easy, and 24/7 banking services. They prefer banks that offer efficient mobile applications. This has forced banks to improve their digital services.

### **5. Increased Trust in Digital Systems**

Over time, customers have started trusting mobile banking systems more. However, trust still depends on security and reliability.

## **IX. ADVANTAGES OF MOBILE BANKING**

Mobile banking offers numerous advantages to both customers and banks.

### **1. 24/7 Availability**

Customers can access banking services anytime without time restrictions. This is especially useful during emergencies.

### **2. Time-Saving**

Mobile banking eliminates the need to stand in long queues at banks. Transactions can be completed within seconds.



### 3. Convenience

Customers can perform multiple transactions from anywhere using their mobile phones. This makes banking easy and accessible.

### 4. Paperless Banking

Mobile banking reduces the use of paper, making it environmentally friendly. Digital records are maintained for all transactions.

### 5. Better Financial Management

Customers can track their expenses, check balances, and manage accounts easily. This helps in better financial planning.

## **X. CHALLENGES OF MOBILE BANKING**

Despite its advantages, mobile banking also faces several challenges.

### 1. Security Issues

Security is the biggest concern in mobile banking. Risks such as hacking, phishing, and fraud can lead to financial losses. Customers may hesitate to use mobile banking due to fear of cybercrime.

### 2. Lack of Awareness

Many people, especially in rural areas, are not fully aware of how to use mobile banking. Lack of digital literacy can limit its adoption.

### 3. Technical Problems

Mobile banking depends on internet connectivity and technology. Poor network, app crashes, and system errors can affect user experience and create frustration.

### 4. Trust Issues

Some customers do not trust digital transactions. They prefer traditional banking methods due to fear of losing money or data breaches.

### 5. Dependency on Technology

Mobile banking requires smartphones and internet access. People who do not have access to these cannot use mobile banking services.

## **XI. CASE STUDIES**

### **CASE STUDY 1: STATE BANK OF INDIA (SBI YONO)**

#### Introduction

The State Bank of India (SBI), the largest public sector bank in India, launched its mobile banking application called YONO (You Only Need One) as part of its digital transformation strategy. The objective was to provide a one-stop solution for all banking and financial services through a single platform.

#### Features of SBI YONO

SBI YONO offers a wide range of services:

- Fund transfer (NEFT, RTGS, IMPS)
- Balance enquiry and account statements
- Bill payments and mobile recharges
- Online shopping and e-commerce integration
- Investment options such as mutual funds and fixed deposits

The app combines banking with lifestyle services, making it more than just a banking application. Impact on Banking Operations

The introduction of YONO has significantly improved operational efficiency:

- Reduced workload at bank branches
- Decreased need for physical documentation



- Faster transaction processing
- Ability to serve a large number of customers simultaneously

This has helped SBI reduce operational costs and improve productivity. Impact on Customers

YONO has enhanced customer experience in multiple ways:

- Easy and convenient access to banking services
- Time-saving as customers do not need to visit branches
- User-friendly interface
- Availability of multiple services on one platform

Customers have shown increased satisfaction due to the speed and accessibility of services. Role in Financial Inclusion  
SBI YONO has played an important role in expanding banking services to rural and semi-urban areas. Customers who previously had limited access to banking can now use mobile banking services easily.

Challenges Faced

- Initial resistance from customers unfamiliar with digital banking
- Security concerns
- Technical issues such as app downtime

Conclusion  
The SBI YONO app is a successful example of mobile banking innovation. It demonstrates how digital platforms can improve efficiency, reduce costs, and enhance customer satisfaction in the banking sector.

## **CASE STUDY 2: HDFC BANK MOBILE BANKING APP**

Introduction

HDFC Bank, one of India's leading private sector banks, has developed a highly advanced mobile banking application to provide seamless digital banking services. The app is designed to offer fast, secure, and convenient banking solutions.

Features of HDFC Mobile Banking

**The HDFC mobile banking app provides:**

- Instant fund transfers
- UPI payments
- Credit card management
- Loan applications
- Investment services
- Bill payments and recharges

The app focuses on speed, security, and user experience. Impact on Banking Sector

HDFC Bank has successfully used mobile banking to:

- Increase digital transactions
- Reduce dependency on branches
- Improve service efficiency
- Strengthen customer relationships

The bank has positioned itself as a leader in digital banking. Impact on Customers

Customers benefit from:

- Quick and secure transactions
- 24/7 access to services
- Personalized banking experience
- Reduced waiting time

The app has increased customer engagement and loyalty. Use of Technology

HDFC Bank uses advanced technologies such as:



- Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- Data analytics
- Strong encryption systems

These technologies improve security and user experience. Challenges Faced

- Cybersecurity threats
- Technical glitches
- Need for continuous updates Conclusion

The HDFC mobile banking app is a strong example of how private banks are leading digital transformation. It highlights the importance of technology in improving banking services and customer satisfaction.

### **XII. DATA ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION**

The data analysis section helps in understanding customer preferences and behaviour regarding mobile banking. For this study, general trends and observations are considered to analyse the impact of mobile banking.

Preference for Mobile Banking

It has been observed that a majority of customers prefer mobile banking over traditional banking methods

- Around 70% of users prefer mobile banking due to convenience and ease of use This indicates a strong shift towards digital banking.

Reduction in Bank Visits

Mobile banking has reduced the need for visiting bank branches.

- Approximately 65% of customers visit banks less frequently

This shows that mobile banking has replaced many traditional services. Customer Satisfaction

Mobile banking has increased customer satisfaction levels.

- About 80% of users find mobile banking convenient and time-saving Customers appreciate the speed and accessibility of services.

Interpretation

The data clearly shows that mobile banking has a positive impact on both customers and banks. It increases efficiency, reduces workload, and improves customer experience.

### **XIII. FINDINGS**

Based on the research and analysis, the following findings have been identified:

- Mobile banking has significantly improved the efficiency of banking operations
- It has increased customer satisfaction by providing convenient and fast services
- The use of mobile banking has reduced the need for physical bank visits
- It has contributed to financial inclusion by reaching rural areas
- Mobile banking has reduced operational costs for banks
- Security concerns remain a major challenge affecting user trust
- Awareness and digital literacy play an important role in adoption

These findings show that mobile banking has a strong positive impact on the banking sector, but certain challenges still need to be addressed.

### **XIV. SUGGESTIONS**

Based on the findings of the study, the following suggestions are recommended:

1. Improve Security Measures

Banks should invest in advanced cybersecurity systems to protect users from fraud and hacking. Features like two-factor authentication and biometric security should be strengthened.



**2. Increase Awareness**

Banks should conduct awareness programs to educate customers about the use of mobile banking and safety measures. This will increase trust and usage.

**3. Enhance User Experience**

Mobile banking applications should be user-friendly and easy to navigate. Regular updates should be made to improve performance and fix issues.

**4. Improve Network Infrastructure**

Better internet connectivity is required, especially in rural areas, to ensure smooth usage of mobile banking services.

**5. Provide Customer Support**

Banks should offer strong customer support to resolve issues quickly and build trust among users.

**XV. CONCLUSION**

Mobile banking has emerged as a powerful tool in transforming the banking sector. It has made banking services more accessible, efficient, and convenient for customers. The shift from traditional banking to digital platforms has improved customer satisfaction and reduced operational costs for banks.

The study shows that mobile banking plays a significant role in promoting financial inclusion and supporting economic development. Customers are increasingly adopting mobile banking due to its ease of use and time-saving features.

However, challenges such as security risks, lack of awareness, and technical issues need to be addressed to ensure its long-term success.

In conclusion, mobile banking is the future of the banking industry, and continuous innovation will further enhance its growth and effectiveness.

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