

A Survey of Image Processing Techniques for Plant Disease Detection

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Abstract: Crop development assumes a basic job in the agrarian field. By and by, the loss of sustenance is principally because of tainted crops, which reflexively lessens the generation rate. To recognize the plant infections at an unfavorable stage isn't yet investigated. The primary test is to diminish the use of pesticides in the horticultural field and to build the quality and amount of the generation rate. Our paper is utilized to investigate the leaf ailment forecast at an unfavorable activity. We propose an upgraded k-mean grouping calculation to anticipate the contaminated region of the leaves. A shading based division demonstrates is characterized to fragment the contaminated area and setting it to its pertinent classes. Test examinations were done on tests pictures as far as time unpredictability and the zone of tainted area. Plant illnesses can be recognized by picture preparing procedure. Malady recognition includes steps like picture obtaining, picture pre-handling, picture division, highlight extraction and arrangement. Our task is utilized to identify the plant illnesses and give answers for recuperate from the sickness. It demonstrates the influenced piece of the leaf in rate. We intended to plan our task with voice route framework, so an individual with lesser aptitude in programming ought to likewise have the capacity to utilize it effortlessly

Keywords: Disease Detection, Production rate, k- means clustering, Voice navigation, Infection region

I. INTRODUCTION

India is famous for Agriculture that implies the greater parts of the general population are locked in towards horticulture industry. The farming business goes about as a noteworthy job in the financial areas. The vast majority of the plants are tainted by variation parasitic and bacterial sicknesses. Because of the exponential tendency of populace, the climatic conditions additionally cause the plant disease. The real difficulties of supportable advancement are to lessen the use of pesticides, cost to spare nature and to build the quality. Exact, precise and early determination may diminish the use of pesticides. Information mining is named as separating the pertinent data from extensive pool of assets. The approaches of information mining innovations have been embraced in the expectation of plant sicknesses. Rice is one of the significant crops developed in India. These days, innovation is generally utilized for plant illness forecast. The administration of perpetual leaf requires close observing framework particularly for the infections that influences creation and post-collect life. The idea of picture preparing with information mining advances helps us in following purposes:

- Recognizing contaminated leaf and stem
- Measure the influenced zone
- Finding the state of the contaminated area
- Determine the shade of contaminated area
- And likewise impact the size and state of the leaf.

The client is to choose a specific ailing district in a leaf and the cropped picture is sent for preparing [4]. This paper expects to learn about the forecast of the plant sicknesses, at a less than ideal stage utilizing k-mean grouping calculation. In particular, we focus on foreseeing the infection, for example, *Alternaria* substitute, *Anthraxnose*, *Cercospora*, bacterial scourge and leaf spot. It would be valuable for distinguishing diverse sicknesses on crops [5]. It



gives different strategies used to think about crop illnesses/characteristics utilizing picture preparing and information mining. Moreover, the contaminated territory and influenced rate is additionally estimated. Back Propagation idea is utilized for weight modification of preparing database [6].

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

An Overview of the Research on Plant Leaves Disease location utilizing Image Processing Techniques by Kiran R. Gavhale, and U. Gawande, Gavhale and Gawande (2014) displayed audits and abridges picture handling methods for a few plant animal categories that have been utilized for perceiving plant maladies. The real methods for identification of plant infections are: back proliferation neural system (BPNN), Support Vector Machine (SVM), K-closest neighbor (KNN), and Spatial Gray-level Dependence Matrices (SGDM). These methods are utilized to investigations the solid and ailing plants leaves.

Savvy Diagnose System of Wheat Diseases Based on Android Phone by Y. Q. Xia, Y. Li, and C. Li , In 2015, Xia and Li have proposed the android plan of wise wheat ailments analyze framework. In this procedure, clients gather pictures of wheat sicknesses utilizing Android telephones and send the pictures over the system to the server for sickness analysis. Subsequent to accepting sickness pictures, the server performs picture division by changing over the pictures from RGB shading space to HSI shading space. The shading and surface highlights of the maladies are to be dictated by utilizing shading minute network and the dark dimension co-event lattice. The favored highlights are contribution to the help vector machine for acknowledgment and the recognizable proof outcomes are bolstered back to the customer.

Execution of RGB and Gray scale pictures in plant leaves infection identification – relative examination by Padmavathi and Thangadurai (2016) have given the near consequences of RGB and Gray scale pictures in leaf malady discovering process. In recognizing the tainted leaves, shading turns into a critical component to discover the illness power. They have considered Grayscale and RGB pictures and utilized middle channel for picture upgrade and division for extraction of the ailing bit which are utilized to recognize the ailment level. The plant sickness acknowledgment show, in view of leaf picture characterization, by the utilization of profound convolution systems has created. 13 sorts of infections are distinguished from the sound leaves with the ability to separate leaves from their environment.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

Our undertaking is to identify the plant illnesses and give the answers for recuperate from the leaf ailments. We wanted to structure our task with voice route framework so an individual with lesser ability in programming ought to likewise have the capacity to utilize it effortlessly. In our proposed framework we are giving an answer for recoup from the leaf illnesses and furthermore demonstrate the influenced piece of the leaf by picture preparing strategy. The current framework can just recognize the kind of sicknesses which influences the leaf. We will give an outcome inside division of seconds and guided you all through the task. We quickly clarify about the test examination of our philosophy. Tests of 75 pictures are gathered that contained diverse plant illnesses like *Alternaria Alternata*, *Anthraco*se, *Bacterial Blight*, *Cercospora leaf spot* and Healthy Leaves. Distinctive number of pictures is gathered for every malady that was ordered into database pictures and info pictures. The essential characteristics of the picture are depended upon the shape and surface situated highlights. The example screen captures shows the plant ailment location utilizing shading based division demonstrates.

Plant Diseases-Fundamentals

In the field of crop generation, plant sickness is a critical factor that corrupts the greatness and amount of the plants. The normal methodology followed in plant ailments are the arrangement and recognition show. Both the characterization and identification demonstrate are broadly examined by the Engineering and IT fields.

Bacterial Diseases

A bacterial infection is by and large alluded as the "Bacterial leaf spot". It is started as the little, yellow-green injuries on youthful leaves which typically observed as disfigured and bent, or as dim, water-drenched, oily - showing up sores on more seasoned foliage.



Viral Diseases

All popular maladies shows some level of decrease underway and the life of infection tainted plants is generally short. The most accessible side effects of infection contaminated plants are much of the time show up on the leaves, yet some infection may cause on the leaves, products of the soil. The Viral malady is extremely hard to investigate. Leaves are viewed as wrinkled, twisted and development might be undersized because of the infection.

Contagious Diseases

Contagious infection can impact the Contaminated seed, soil, yield, weeds and spread by wind and water. In the early on sort out it appears on lower or increasingly prepared gets out as water-drenched, dark green spots. A while later these spots are dark and by then white parasitic improvement spread on the undersides. In fleece development yellow to white streak on the upper surfaces of progressively prepared gets out occurs. It spreads outward on the leaf surface making it turn yellow.

IV. METHODOLOGY

In this section, we explain about the leaf disease prediction using k-mean clustering algorithm. This paper includes several steps Image Acquisition, Image Pre- processing, Feature Extraction, and neural network based classification [2]. It works as follows: Image Acquisition, Image Preprocessing, Image segmentation and Feature extraction.

Image Acquisition

The initial process is to collect the data from the public repository. It takes the image as input for further processing. We have taken most popular image domains so that we can take any formats like .bmp, .jpg, .gif, as input to our process.

Image Preprocessing

As the images are acquired from the real field it may contain dust, spores and water spots as noise. The purpose of data preprocessing is to eliminate the noise in the image, so as to adjust the pixel values. It enhances the quality of the image.

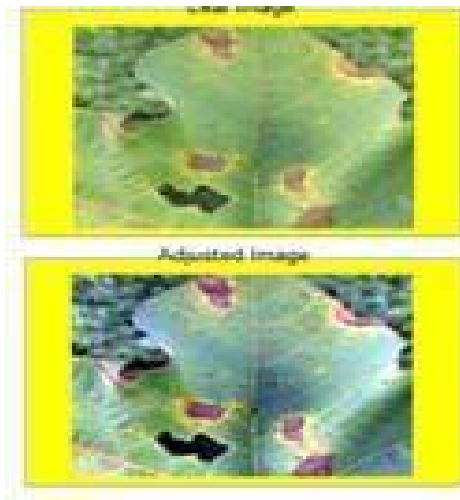


Fig.1. Image preprocessing

Image segmentation

Image segmentation is the third step in our proposed method. The segmented images are clustered into different sectors using Otsu classifier and k-mean clustering algorithm. Before clustering the images, the RGB color model is transformed into Lab color model. The advent of Lab color model is to easily cluster the segmented images.



K-Means Clustering Algorithm

- Load the input images.
- Commute the RGB image into L*a*b color space.
- RGB images are combination of primary colors (Red, Green, Blue) [1].
- RGB image feature Pixel Counting technique is extensively applied to agricultural science [3].
- The L*a*b* space consists of a radiance layer 'L*', chromaticity-layer 'a*' indicating where color falls along the red-green axis and chromaticity-layer 'b*' indicating where the color falls along the blue-yellow axis. All of the color information is in the 'a*' and 'b*' layers.
- Clustering the variant colors using k-mean method.
- The Euclidean distance between two objects is defined as follows:

$$Dis_{(a,b)} = \sqrt{\sum (x_i - y_i)^2}$$

Each pixel is labeled under clusters based on its estimated variant cluster- centers.

Otsu's Classifier

In image processing technique, Otsu's strategy is utilized to perform clustering based image Threshold. The diminishment of a gray level image to a binary image is done by Nobuyuki Otsu.

This algorithm assumes, image contains two classes of pixels. It incorporates bi-modal histogram (foreground pixels and background pixels). We can calculate the optimum threshold by isolating the two classes and their combined spread (intra- class variance) is negligible or equivalently.



Figure 2: Clustering

Feature Extraction

Feature extraction is the important part to gracefully predict the infected region. Here shape and textural feature extraction is done. The shape oriented feature extraction like Area, Color axis length, eccentricity, solidity and perimeter are calculated. Similarly the texture oriented feature extraction like contrast, correlation, energy, homogeneity and mean. Leaf image is captured and processed to determine the health of each plant [7].

V. CONCLUSION

Information mining advancements has been joined in the farming business. This undertaking actualizes an inventive plan to recognize the influenced crops and give cure measures to the agrarian business. By the utilization of k-mean bunching calculation, the tainted locale of the leaf is portioned and broke down. The pictures are bolstered to our application for the distinguishing proof of illnesses. It gives a decent decision to farming network especially in remote towns. It goes about as an effective framework as far as diminishing grouping time and the zone of contaminated area. Highlight extraction system separates the contaminated leaf and furthermore to group the plant infections. The inserted



voice route framework guides us all through the procedure. As future upgrade of the venture is to build up the open mixed media (Audio/Video) about the illnesses and their answer naturally once the sickness is distinguished.

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