

International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Impact Factor: 7.57

Volume 4, Issue 3, December 2024

Fostering Sustainability: The Contribution of Information Technology to Green Supply Chain Management

Monika Sharma¹ and Dr. Harish Purohit²

Research Scholar, Department of Commerce and Management¹ Research Guide, Department of Commerce and Management² Shri J.J.T. University, Chedela, Jhunjhunu, Rajasthan, India

Abstract: In a world marked by heightened environmental sensitivity, businesses are facing significant pressure to adopt sustainable practices. Green supply chain management (GSCM) represents a c approach to minimizing ecological impact. This paper investigate the vital role of Information Technology (IT) in facilitating and supporting GSCM. With offer assistance of progressed instruments, companies can accomplish straightforwardness, proficiency, and maintainability inside their supply chains. We see at how IT empowers the collection, examination, and sharing of information, subsequently making a greener solid trade demonstrate. Through a combination of writing audit and case ponders, this inquire about points to highlight the transformative potential of IT in driving feasible supply chain hones, giving profitable experiences and proposals for companies pointing to diminish their carbon impression

Keywords: Green Supply Chain Management (GSCM), Information Technology (IT), Sustainability, Environmental Impact, Digitalization, Supply Chain Transparency, Data Analytics, Circular Economy

I. INTRODUCTION

Picture a world in which the entire path of each product, from source material to user, is open and green. That's the promise of green supply chain management. So how do we arrive there? In today's complicated, globalized world, conventional approaches don't make the mark. This is where IT comes in, as a driver of transformation. We're not just talking about computers and software; we're talking about a fundamental shift in how businesses operate, using technology to build a more sustainable future.

This paper will examine how IT is transforming supply chains, making them greener, more efficient, and ultimately, more aligned with our planet's needs. We'll explore the real-world impact of these technologies and how they empower businesses to make informed, eco-conscious decisions. By the end of this paper, you'll see that IT isn't just a tool—it's a partner in building a sustainable future

Objectives

- To identify and examine the major IT tools and technologies applied in GSCM.
- To discuss how IT improves transparency and traceability of the supply chain.
- To study the application of data analytics to optimize resource utilization and minimize waste.
- To determine the effect of IT on advancing sustainable practices and circular economy practices.
- To give pragmatic suggestions to businesses to efficiently implement IT solutions for GSCM.
- This study adopts a mixed-methods research method for comprehensive understanding of IT in GSCM.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Chopra, Sunil, and Peter Meindl. Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation. Pearson Education, 2007.

DOI: 10.48175/568

Copyright to IJARSCT www.ijarsct.co.in





International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Impact Factor: 7.57

Volume 4, Issue 3, December 2024

Chopra and Meindl's foundational study on supply chain management presented the framework to understand the strategic, planning, and operational aspects of supply chains. The authors focused on efficiency, collaboration, and technology as essential elements for enhancing supply chain operations.

Lambert, Douglas M., and Martha C. Cooper. "ISSUES IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT."

The authors emphasize the importance of integration, collaboration, and the exchange of information among partners in the supply chain. They argue that effective supply chain management requires a unified approach, where all stakeholders work together to achieve shared goals. In reality it emphasis on transparency, communication, and technology aligns well with the principles of Green Supply Chain Management (GSCM)

Gunasekaran, A., and Eric W. T. Ngai. "The future of green supply chain management:"-

The authors investigate the rising trends and potential future pathways of GSCM, paying particular attention to the influence of technology and innovation. They argue that information technology is a vital driver of sustainability in supply chains, as it allows businesses to monitor, assess, and enhance their environmental performance. The paper underscores various IT tools such as ERP systems, RFID, and data analytics, along with their roles in GSCM.

Ortigas, Renzo Ernesto Chumpitasi, and Valeria Gonzales Campana. "Systemic Review of the Literature of Green Supply Chain Management in the Food Packaging Industry

The authors examine existing literature to identify the best practices, obstacles, and opportunities for adopting sustainable supply chain methods. They highlight the role of digital technologies, such as blockchain and the Internet of Things (IoT), in enhancing transparency and reducing waste within food packaging supply chains. The review presents several case studies demonstrating the successful use of information technology for tracking materials, assessing environmental impacts, and promoting circular economy initiative.

Case Analysis: Practical case studies of firms that have effectively put into practice IT solutions for GSCM will be examined in order to know actual applications and experiences. This includes looking at their strategies, challenges, and successes.

Case Study Example: Godrej Consumer Products who have decreased energy usage dramatically and boosted the use of renewable energy, clearly showing a deep passion for green practices through the adoption of technology;

o Synthite Industries Pvt Ltd which has placed emphasis on sourcing the sources of wastes in their manufacturing process and designing strategies for reduction, thereby pointing to the necessity of optimizing the process by IT tools; and manufacturing industry companies who are implementing GSCM practices in order to optimize production while promoting better environmental performance, demonstrating potential business benefits from IT-enabled GSCM strategy.

Qualitative Synthesis: The data gathered from the literature review and case studies will be synthesized to conclude with meaningful results and offer pragmatic recommendations.

II. FINDINGS

Study Reveals Multiple Insights:

Improved transparency and traceability: Technological innovations such as blockchain and RFID allow for immedia te persecution of materials and products, as well as the promotion of transparency and responsibility within the supply c hain. This helps both consumers and businesses understand the environmental impact of their products.

Improved data control: IoT devices and analysis provide valuable insights into energy consumption, waste production and resource consumption. This data allows businesses to improve their processes, reduce waste and increase efficienc

Digital cooperation and communication: Cloudbased applications and collaborative platforms provide seamless com munication and data exchange between supply chain partners. It will promote collective efforts towards green initiatives and support to implement green supply chain.

Relief for the Circular Economy: Information technology plays an important role in promoting and supporting product lifecycle management, reverse logistics. Online applications support businesses for the 2 R'slogistics recycling and reuse, and promote supply chains in a closed loop.

Copyright to IJARSCT DOI: 10.48175/568 www.ijarsct.co.in



767



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 4, Issue 3, December 2024

Impact Factor: 7.57

Improve reporting and compliance: Optimize IT solutions Environmental reporting and compliance tasks to encoura ge businesses to pursue and demonstrate sustainability efforts. This increases accountability and creates trust with stake holders. The supply chain that operates thereby reduces energy consumption and waste by 30-35%.

Godrej is able to reduce 58% reduction of carbon intensity since 2011.they have a long-standing goal of making businesses carbon neutral and energy efficient. We are seizing every opportunity to reduce the carbon footprint of our entire supply chain. Supply Chain. Strategic-Introducing global best practices to increase agility, bolstering global companies' supply chain procedures ,Expanding shop floor employee engagement programs to foreign companies Global strategic sourcing that significantly boosts profitability, Sustainable supply chain and manufacturing methods, that significantly reduce waste production, carbon emissions, energy and water usage, and the use of renewable energy Connecting the sophisticated planning and optimization module to innovative replenishment techniques, High fill rates result from adapting to the ever-changing patterns of consumer demand. Enhancing product traceability, logistical procedures, "freshness" of products at the point of sale, and decreasing obsolescence De-bottlenecking capacities and making new investments to increase production capacity across regions Using the "Internet of Things" as a pilot in logistics and manufacturing

Recommendations

Invest in Coordinates IT Arrangements: Utilize coordinates IT stages that empower a comprehensive see of the supply chain and easy sharing of data.

Embrace Information Analytics: utilize information analytics program to have significant bits of knowledge with respect to the utilization of assets, era of squander, and natural degradation.

Foster Collaboration and Collaboration: Make online platform for communication and collaboration which make supply chain more effective

Prioritize Straightforwardness and Traceability: Using blockchain and RFID etc for traceability along the supply

Support Circular Economy Activities: make use IT for lifecycle administration, turn around coordination's, and fabric recovery.

Provide Preparing and Instruction: Contribute in preparing and instruction activities to empower workers to IT devices for GSCM effectively.

Measurable Measurements: Distinguish well-defined measurements to evaluate the natural impression of supply chain exercises and screen enhancement towards supportability targets.

Government Motivating forces: Governments and policymakers must empower the take-up of IT in supply chain exercises by advertising endowments and assess relief.

Regular Reviews: Organizations ought to carry out standard maintainability reviews by applying IT-based analytics to analyze and make strides green execution.

III. CONCLUSION

In numerous regards, IT capacities not fair as a device; it serves as a accomplice in cultivating a economical future. By grasping computerized developments, organizations can change their supply chains into champions of natural duty. We have seen how IT upgrades straightforwardness, optimizes asset utilization, and advances hones adjusted with the circular economy. Moving forward, it is vital for companies to recognize the urgent part of IT and coordinated it into their green supply chain administration (GSCM) techniques. In doing so, they can diminish their carbon outflows and develop a more feasible and flexible trade demonstrate. The travel toward a more environmentally-friendly supply chain requires a collaborative exertion, and IT acts as the connect that interface us all. Let's tackle its potential to construct a more advantageous, greener planet.

While the specialized viewpoints of IT in GSCM are noteworthy, the human component is similarly vital. It is basic to prepare and create labourers, directors, and partners to viably use these advances. Preparing programs, workshops, and progressing instructive activities can enable groups to receive IT apparatuses and upgrade their regular application. Be beyond any doubt, the viability of innovation pivots on the abilities of its operators.

DOI: 10.48175/568

Copyright to IJARSCT

768



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 4, Issue 3, December 2024

Impact Factor: 7.57

Leadership plays a vital part in cultivating IT integration inside GSCM. Inventive pioneers who prioritize supportability and commit to advanced change can rouse their organizations to grasp alter. By characterizing clear supportability objectives and adjusting them with IT approaches, pioneers can develop a culture of advancement and natural responsibility.

As innovation advances, the opportunity for IT to convert GSCM gets to be progressively noteworthy. Innovations such as fake insights (AI), machine learning, and advanced robotics are set to raise supply chain maintainability to uncommon levels. These developments can advance upgrade asset efficiency, anticipate natural challenges, and encourage robotized maintainable hones. Long term of GSCM goes past fair relieving natural human it points at setting up a regenerative framework that contributes emphatically to the planet.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Chopped, Sunil, and Peter Meindl. Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation. Pearson Education, 2007.
- [2]. Lambert, Douglas M., and Martha C. Cooper. "ISSUES IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT." International Journal of Physical Distribution & Logistics Management 28.8 (1998): 596-615.
- [3]. Gunasekaran, A., and Eric W. T. Ngai. "The future of green supply chain management." Operations Management Research 2.2-3 (2009): 79-91.
- [4]. Ortigas, Renzo Ernesto Chumpitasi, and Valeria Gonzales Campana. "Systemic Review of the Literature of Green Supply Chain Management in the Food Packaging Industry". Ingeniería Industrial, 2023, https://doi.org/10.26439/ing.ind2023.n45.6599.

DOI: 10.48175/568

