

International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

Volume 2, Issue 6, June 2022

An Experimental Investigation on the Steel Fiber Concrete by Partial Replacement of Tio₂ and Quartz Powder

Dr. K. Chandramouli¹, J. Sree Naga Chaitanya², G. Hymavathi³, A. Medha Sri Mrunalini⁴, Sk. Sohel⁵ Professor & HOD, Department of Civil Engineering¹, Assistant Professor, Department of Civil Engineering^{2,3&4} B.Tech Student, Department of Civil Engineering⁵

NRI Institute of Technology, Visadala (V), Medikonduru (M), Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, India

Abstract: *K* Concrete is a building material widely used in the world for every construction project, and this construction projects consists of every possible challenge in terms of durability, exposure to various reactive substances and at a place where concrete needs to be high strength. the concrete is a mixture which is of heterogeneous aimed to solidify and produce strength based on the quality and composition of materials used in the concrete. in this study we are performing an experimental investigation to see whether there is any possible increase in the strength of nominal concrete to change to high strength concrete, In order to achieve this high strength we have used materials like steel fibres, TiO_2 as partial replacement for cement, quartz powder as partial replacement of fine aggregate. We have performed several tests on materials, fresh concrete, and hardened concrete. We have also reviewed the previous works of the researches performed on the similar projects with the related materials. we have used a varied percentages of material ratios as 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50% of quartz powder partially replacing fine aggregate, and 0%, 0.5%, 1.0%, 1.5% of TiO₂ as partial replacement of cement, and 0%, 0.5%%, 1%, 1.5%, 2% of steel fibres addition to concrete.

Keywords: Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag, Titanium Dioxide, Compressive, Split Tensile Strength

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International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

Volume 2, Issue 6, June 2022

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