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Analysis of Different Machine Learning Algorithms Used for Spam E-mail Detection

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Abstract: From business to education, email is now used in almost every industry. Subcategories of email exist, such as ham and spam. Unsolicited email, also known as spam or junk email, is a sort of email that can be used to harm consumers by wasting their time, using up their computer resources, and collecting sensitive information. Every day, the amount of spam sent out increases alarmingly. For email and IoT service providers, spam detection and filtering have suddenly become substantial and pervasive concerns. Email filtration is one of the most essential and well-known advanced spam detection and prevention techniques. Many machine learning and deep learning algorithms have been used for this purpose, including Naive Bayes, decision trees, neural networks, and random forests. This article divides utility research approaches into applicable classifications based on machine learning tactics used in texting systems. The accuracy, precision, recall, and other performance characteristics of these approaches are all well assessed. Finally, broad ideas and prospective study directions are provided.

Keywords: SVM, Decision Tree, K-Nearest Neighbor, Naïve Bayes, Boosting Algorithm

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