

Review on Adverse Drug Reaction Reporting

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Abstract: Adverse drug reactions (ADRs) are one of the main reasons for illness and death. It is estimated that about 10% of hospital visits are because of ADRs, and around 5 to 20% of patients who are in the hospital experience a serious ADR[1]. Reporting ADRs has become a key part of hospital monitoring and evaluation efforts. These reporting programs help keep track of ADRs, encourage people to report them, and teach healthcare workers about possible side effects of drugs. This article looks at ADR reporting and monitoring, including how to classify ADRs, the difference between adverse effects and adverse reactions, and the methods used to monitor ADRs[2,3]

Keywords: Adverse drug reaction reporting; Pharmacovigilance; Drug monitoring; Uppsala monitoring center, Bizarre, Augmented, Karch and Lasagna, Predictable, Unpredictable

