

National Education Policy 2020 And Indian Knowledge System

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Abstract: *Mother language training is essential for cognitive development, cultural preservation, and educational equity. The intellectual and cultural landscapes of India and the rest of the world are greatly influenced by Indian knowledge systems from advances in mathematics and science to holistic medicine and spirituality. The National Education Policy New Education Policy 2020 and the core ideas and knowledge traditions included in the Indian Knowledge System are highly compatible. Through a well-rounded approach to education, both aim to raise understanding of Indian languages, philosophy, the arts, science, and ecological practices. Indian states are increasingly recognizing the value of integrating Indian Knowledge Systems (IKS) into their educational frameworks. Each state contributes to the preservation and revitalization of Indian Knowledge Systems through its educational institutions, which include Sanskrit and Vedic studies, Ayurveda, sustainable farming practices, and folk arts. These outcomes include increased employment opportunities, improved public health, decreased dropout rates, and citizens who are informed, capable, and socially concerned. Different countries are integrating their traditional knowledge systems into higher education in different ways. Incorporating Indian Knowledge Systems into modern higher education allows students to better understand their professions and tackle contemporary concerns like sustainability, ethics, and cultural preservation. Indian universities and other educational institutions are increasingly offering interdisciplinary programs that combine traditional Indian knowledge with modern instruction. The Indian Knowledge System, which has its origins in ancient practices that place a high value on community-driven development, ethical consumption, and environmental preservation, offers valuable perspectives on sustainability. These concepts are especially pertinent in the Global South, where traditional knowledge is increasingly recognized as a means of addressing environmental degradation and unsustainable growth. The Indian Knowledge System (IKS) has a significant impact on sustainability practices, especially in the Global South, where traditional wisdom and indigenous knowledge systems are often intertwined with the environment. IKS's sustainability ideals are based on the ideas of ethical consumption, ecological practices led by the community, and harmony with nature. The intellectual and cultural landscapes of India and the rest of the world are greatly influenced by Indian knowledge systems. The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, which addresses everything from scientific and mathematical discoveries to holistic education, is strongly associated with the core values and knowledge traditions of the Indian Knowledge System (IKS). Through a thorough and well-rounded approach to education, both aim to raise understanding of Indian languages, philosophy, the arts, science, and ecological practices. Indian states are increasingly recognizing the value of integrating Indian Knowledge Systems (IKS) into their educational frameworks. From folk arts, Ayurveda, and sustainable farming practices to Sanskrit and Vedic studies, each state contributes to the preservation and revitalization of IKS through its educational institutions. Science and the arts are among the numerous fields in which India possesses a wealth of knowledge. The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, which addresses everything from scientific and mathematical discoveries to holistic education, is strongly associated with the core values and knowledge traditions of the Indian Knowledge System (IKS). Through a thorough and well-rounded approach to*



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Students can better understand their professions and tackle contemporary concerns like sustainability, ethics, and cultural preservation by integrating Indian Knowledge Systems into modern higher education. The popularity of interdisciplinary curriculum in Indian universities and institutes that combine traditional Indian knowledge with modern education is growing.

Keywords: National education system, Indian knowledge system, Language, state, countries, Government policies, Universities

