

Formulation and Evaluation of Herbal Soap of Neem and Tulsi

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Abstract: Herbal products have become an item of global importance both medicinally and economically. Although usage of these herbal products has increased, their quality, safety and efficiency are serious concerns in industrialized and developing countries. The present research has been undertaken with the aim to formulate and evaluate the pure herbal formulation. A herbal soap was formulated using the leaf and bark extract of *Azadirachta indica*, tulsi. Ayurvedic cosmetics are also known as the herbal cosmetics the natural content in the herbs does not have any side effect on the human body. Most herbal supplements are based on several botanical ingredients with long histories of traditional or folk medicine usage. Among the numerous botanical ingredients available in the market today. Numerous chemical toxins microorganism present in the atmosphere may cause chemical infection and damage to skin cosmetics alone are not sufficient to take care of skin and body parts. Neem (*Azadirachta indica*) tree has attracted worldwide prominence owing to its wide range of medicinal properties, neem leaves and its constituents have been demonstrated to exhibit anti-inflammatory, antihyperglycemic, antiulcer, antimalarial, antifungal, antibacterial, antimutagenic and anticarcinogenic properties. This study was conducted to evaluate the effect of aqueous ethanolic and ethyl acetate extract from neem leaves. The physicochemical parameters of formulations (Physical evaluation, pH, Foaming ability and foam stability) were determined. The results showed that formulation have pH level nearly equal to skin pH, Foaming index is excellent.

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