

A Study on the Implications of the POCSO Act and Determinants of Child Abuse in Chennai

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Abstract: *Child sexual abuse is a worldwide miracle, and India isn't an exception. The magnitude of this grave crime is uncredited because of under-reporting. In 2021 only there were,874 cases registered under Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act of 2012. To enable the each- around protection of children, the Indian government conducted the “ Protection of Children from Sexual Offences(POCSO) ” Act of 2012. The act is a comprehensive piece of legislation designed to cover children from crimes including sexual assault, sexual importunity, and pornography. Then, we consider the counteraccusations of the POCSO Act(2012) in enhancing children's protection from sexual abuse and leg- point the part of quality of life together with other social, profitable, and demographic determinants in foreshortening POCSO frequentness. The empirical analysis of the paper is conducted grounded on secondary data collected from the National Crime Records Bureau. Our empirical results reveal that the POCSO Act has reduced the Growth rate of incidents of sexual offences against children in India . In addition, favourable coitus- rate, the increased gross registration rate at the abecedarian position, the enhancement in the bar and Public Safety Score of the state also enables the state to circumscribe the POCSO frequency. Based on our empirical result we recommend that unborn programs could include, for example, aiming to ameliorate the quality of life as well as the law and order conditions of the state, and adding the registration of the girl children in advanced education.*

Keywords: Child, sexual, abuse, intercourse, women, protection. Mariage, age restriction

