

Analytical Method Development and Validation by using RP- HPLC of Pharmaceutical Dosage Form

Sk Bilal Sk Yusuf¹, Dr. Shivshankar D Mhaske², Prof. Tejas j Sharma³, Adil Shah Badshah⁴

Students of B Pharm Final Year of Satyajeet Collage of Pharmacy , Mehkar, Maharashtra^{1,4}

Principal of Satyajeet Collage of Pharmacy , Mehkar, Maharashtra²

Prof of Satyajeet Collage of Pharmacy, Mehkar, Maharashtra³

skbilal9011599@gmail.com

Abstract: A simple, precise, and accurate Reverse Phase High-Performance Liquid Chromatographic (RP-HPLC) method was developed and validated for the quantitative estimation of **Paracetamol** in its **tablet dosage form**. Chromatographic separation was achieved on a **C18 column (250 × 4.6 mm, 5 µm)** using a mobile phase composed of **Acetonitrile:Water (40:60 v/v)**, delivered at a flow rate of **1.0 mL/min**. The detection wavelength was set at **254 nm**, and the retention time of Paracetamol was found to be approximately **4.8 minutes**. The method was validated according to ICH Q2(R1) guidelines and showed excellent linearity in the range of **10–100 µg/mL**, with a correlation coefficient (r^2) of **0.9994**. The percentage recovery was between **98.7% and 101.3%**, confirming the accuracy of the method. Precision studies showed relative standard deviation (RSD) values of less than **1.5%**. The method was found to be robust and specific, with no interference from excipients. Hence, the developed RP-HPLC method is suitable for routine analysis of Paracetamol in bulk and pharmaceutical dosage forms.

Keywords: RP-HPLC, Method Development, Method Validation, Paracetamol, Pharmaceutical Dosage Form, Linearity, Accuracy, Precision, ICH Guidelines, Reverse Phase Chromatography Quality Control, Analytical Method, Tablet Analysis

