IJARSCT



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 3, Issue 1, October 2023

CFD Analysis of Exhaust Heat Exchangers in Automobile Thermoelectric Generators: A Review

K. Balaji¹, N. Rajini², G. Prasanna³, G. N. Chowdary⁴, J. Gangadhar⁵,

M. Yugandhar⁶, Pankaj Kumar^{7*} Department of Mechanical Engineering^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7} GMR Institute of Technology, Rajam, India

Abstract: A novel way to boost the efficiency of engines, including those found in cars and power generators. Large amounts of heat are produced as engines run, yet this heat is frequently lost. We're seeking to alter that with the help of a thermoelectric generator, a device that can transform heat into power. We're using computer simulations (CFD analysis) to understand how heat moves through the engine and a special heat exchanger to figure out how to do so efficiently. With the aid of this exchanger, the engine's heat may be most efficiently transferred to the thermoelectric generator. Hopefully, this will lead to engines becoming more efficient, generating fewer dangerous gases, and requiring less fuel. and being more environmentally friendly. Here, we compared heat exchangers with different designs. By using CFD analysis we observed pressure drop and heat transfer rate. Heat exchanger types empty cavity, serial plate structure, Novel pipe structure, Wavy fin plate and Obstruction and created designs with changing the internal structure of heat exchanger, etc. By using CFD result we preferred the heat exchanger with low pressure drop and high heat transfer rate corresponding with exhaust mass flow rate. However, this will increase the pressure drop, this arrangement needs a pressure-relieving mechanism to work as desired. A compromise between heat transfer rate and pressure drop can be achieved by using a heat exchanger with a smaller heat transfer area and a higher flow rate. The results of this study show that CFD can be used to effectively design exhaust heat exchangers for TEGs. The CFD model can be used to optimize the design of the heat exchanger to achieve the desired balance between heat transfer rate and pressure drop.

Keywords: Thermoelectric Generator, Waste heat recovery, Heat exchanger, Heat transfer, pressure drop and internal structures

REFERENCES

- [1]. Wahile, G. S., Malwe, P. D., & Kolhe, A. V. (2020). Waste heat recovery from the exhaust gas of an engine by using a phase change material. Materials Today: Proceedings, 28, 2101-2107.
- [2]. Olabi, A. G., Al-Murisi, M., Maghrabie, H. M., Yousef, B. A., Sayed, E. T., Alami, A. H., & Abdelkareem, M. A. (2022). Potential applications of thermoelectric generators (TEGs) in various waste heat recovery systems. International Journal of Thermofluids, 16, 100249.
- [3]. Hilmin, M. N. H. M., Remeli, M. F., Singh, B., & Affandi, N. D. N. (2020). Thermoelectric power generation from vehicle exhaust gas with TiO2 nanofluid cooling. Thermal Science and Engineering Progress, 18, 100558.
- [4]. He, M., Wang, E., Zhang, Y., Zhang, W., Zhang, F., & Zhao, C. (2020). Performance analysis of a multilayer thermoelectric generator for exhaust heat recovery of a heavy-duty diesel engine. Applied Energy, 274, 115298.
- [5]. Su, C. Q., Wang, W. S., Liu, X., & Deng, Y. D. (2014). Simulation and experimental study on thermal optimization of the heat exchanger for automotive exhaust-based thermoelectric generators. Case Studies in Thermal Engineering, 4, 85-91.
- [6]. Patil, D. S., Arakerimath, R. R., & Walke, P. V. (2018). Thermoelectric materials and heat exchangers for power generation–A review. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 95, 1-22.

Copyright to IJARSCT www.ijarsct.co.in DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-13143



305

IJARSCT



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 3, Issue 1, October 2023

- [7]. Huang, K., Li, B., Yan, Y., Li, Y., Twaha, S., & Zhu, J. (2017). A comprehensive study on a novel concentric cylindrical thermoelectric power generation system. Applied Thermal Engineering, 117, 501-510.
- [8]. Ezzitouni, S., Fernández-Yáñez, P., Sánchez, L., & Armas, O. (2020). Global energy balance in a diesel engine with a thermoelectric generator. Applied Energy, 269, 115139.
- [9]. BHUİYAN, M. R. A., MAMUR, H., ÜSTÜNER, M. A., & DİLMAÇ, Ö. F. (2022). Current and future trend opportunities of thermoelectric generator applications in waste heat recovery. Gazi University Journal of Science, 1-1
- [10]. Tariq, H., Sajjad, R., Khan, M. Z. U., Ghachem, K., Ammar, A., Khan, S. U., &Kolsi, L. (2023). Effective waste heat recovery from engine exhaust using fin prolonged heat exchanger with graphene oxide nanoparticles. Journal of the Indian Chemical Society, 100(2), 100911.
- [11]. Luo, D., Wang, R., Yu, W., Sun, Z., & Meng, X. (2019). Modeling and simulation study of a converging thermoelectric generator for engine waste heat recovery. Applied Thermal Engineering, 153, 837-847.
- [12]. Bejjam, R. B., Dabot, M., Wondatir, T., & Negash, S. (2021). Performance evaluation of thermoelectric generator using CFD. Materials Today: Proceedings, 47, 2498-2504.
- [13]. Ramírez, R., Gutiérrez, A. S., Eras, J. J. C., Valencia, K., Hernández, B., & Forero, J. D. (2019). Evaluation of the energy recovery potential of thermoelectric generators in diesel engines. Journal of Cleaner Production, 241, 118412.
- [14]. Hsiao, Y. Y., Chang, W. C., & Chen, S. L. (2010). A mathematic model of thermoelectric module with applications on waste heat recovery from automobile engine. Energy, 35(3), 1447-1454.
- [15]. Lesage, F. J., Sempels, É. V., & Lalande-Bertrand, N. (2013). A study on heat transfer enhancement using flow channel inserts for thermoelectric power generation. Energy Conversion and Management, 75, 532-541.
- [16]. He, W., Wang, S., Zhang, X., Li, Y., & Lu, C. (2015). Optimization design method of thermoelectric generator based on exhaust gas parameters for recovery of engine waste heat. Energy, 91, 1-9.
- [17]. Weng, C. C., & Huang, M. J. (2013). A simulation study of automotive waste heat recovery using a thermoelectric power generator. International journal of thermal sciences, 71, 302-309.
- [18]. Liu, C., Deng, Y. D., Wang, X. Y., Liu, X., Wang, Y. P., & Su, C. Q. (2016). Multi-objective optimization of heat exchanger in an automotive exhaust thermoelectric generator. Applied Thermal Engineering, 108, 916-926.
- [19]. Jaziri, N., Boughamoura, A., Müller, J., Tounsi, F., Mezghani, B., & Kouki, A. (2019, April). TC connectivities effect investigation in the LTCC-based thermoelectric generator for automotive waste heat recovery. In 2019 IEEE International Conference on Design & Test of Integrated Micro & Nano-Systems (DTS) (pp. 1-5). IEEE.
- [20]. Hatami, M., Jafaryar, M., Ganji, D. D., & Gorji-Bandpy, M. (2014). Optimization of finned-tube heat exchangers for diesel exhaust waste heat recovery using CFD and CCD techniques. International Communications in Heat and Mass Transfer, 57, 254-263.
- [21]. Ramos, J., Chong, A., &Jouhara, H. (2016). Experimental and numerical investigation of a cross flow air-towater heat pipe-based heat exchanger used in waste heat recovery. International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer, 102, 1267-1281.
- [22]. Park, S., Woo, S., Shon, J., & Lee, K. (2017). Experimental study on heat storage system using phase-change material in a diesel engine. Energy, 119, 1108-1118.
- [23]. TEG, T. Validation and Numerical Assessment of a Temperature-Controlled Thermoelectric Generator Concept aimed at Maximizing Performance under Highly Variable Thermal Load Driving Cycles.
- [24]. Ramírez, R., Gutiérrez, A. S., Eras, J. J. C., Valencia, K., Hernández, B., & Forero, J. D. (2019). Evaluation of the energy recovery potential of thermoelectric generators in diesel engines. Journal of Cleaner Production, 241, 118412.
- [25]. Shen, Z. G., Tian, L. L., & Liu, X. (2019). Automotive exhaust thermoelectric generators: Current status, challenges and future prospects. Energy Conversion and Management, 195, 1138-1173.

Copyright to IJARSCT www.ijarsct.co.in DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-13143



306