IJARSCT



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 3, Issue 5, May 2023

Whatsapp Group Chat Analysis

D V Swetha Ramana, Anusha K M, Bhagya K, Keerthana M, Lakshmi G

Dept. of CSE,

Rao Bahadur Y Mahabaleswarappa Engineering College, Ballari

Abstract: In the past few years, the large-scale dissemination of misinformation through social media has become a critical issue, harming the trustworthiness of legit information, social stability, democracy and public health. Thus, developing automated misinformation detection methods has become a field of high interests both in academia and in industry. In many developing countries such as Brazil, India, and Mexico, one of the primary sources of misinformation is the messaging application WhatsApp. Despite this scenario, due to the private messaging nature of WhatsApp, there still few methods of misinformation detection developed specifically for this platform. In this paper, the WhatsApp data was collected from dataset repository. Then, we have to implement the pre- processing techniques. Then, the system is developed the NLP techniques. Then, we have to implement the machine learning algorithm such as DT and SVM. The experimental results shows that the accuracy.

Keywords: Machine learning, Authentication System, Chat Analysis, Data preprocessing

REFERENCES

- [1] C. C. Aggarwal and C. K. Reddy, Data Clustering: Algorithms and Applications. Boca Raton, FL, USA: CRC Press, 2019.
- [2] N. Ahmad and J. Siddique, "Personality assessment using Twitter tweets," Procedia Comput. Sci., vol. 112, pp. 1964–1973, Sep. 2019.
- [3] T. Ahmad, A. Ramsay, and H. Ahmed, "Detecting emotions in English and Arabic tweets," Information, vol. 10, no. 3, p. 98, Mar. 2020.
- [4] A. Bandi and A. Fellah, "Socio-analyzer: A sentiment analysis using social media data," in Proc. 28th Int. Conf. Softw. Eng. Data Eng., in EPiC Series in Computing, vol. 64,
- [5] F. Harris, S. Dascalu, S. Sharma, and R. Wu, Eds. Amsterdam, The Netherlands: EasyChair, 2019, pp. 61–67
- [6] F. Barbieri and H. Saggion, "Automatic detection of irony and humour in Twitter," in Proc. ICCC, 2014, pp. 155–162.
- [7] R. Bhat, V. K. Singh, N. Naik, C. R. Kamath, P. Mulimani, and N. Kulkarni, "COVID 2019 outbreak: The disappointment in Indian teachers," Asian J. Psychiatry, vol. 50, Apr. 2020, Art. no. 102047.
- [8] D. M. Blei, A. Y. Ng, and M. I. Jordan, "Latent Dirichlet allocation," J. Mach. Learn. Res., vol. 3, pp. 993–1022, Jan. 2021.
- [9] P. Boldog, T. Tekeli, Z. Vizi, A. Dénes, F. A. Bartha, and G. Röst, "Risk assessment of novel coronavirus COVID-19 outbreaks outside China," J. Clin. Med., vol. 9, no. 2, p. 571, Feb. 2020.
- [10] G. Carducci, G. Rizzo, D. Monti, E. Palumbo, and M. Morisio, "TwitPersonality: Computing personality traits from tweets using word embeddings and supervised learning," Information, vol. 9, no. 5, p. 127, May 2018.
- [11] X. Carreras and L. Màrquez, "Boosting trees for anti-spam email filtering," 2001, arXiv:cs/0109015. J. P. Carvalho, H. Rosa,
- [12] G. Brogueira, and F. Batista, "MISNIS: An intelligent platform for Twitter topic mining," Expert Syst. Appl., vol. 89, pp. 374–388, Dec. 2017.
- [13] B. K. Chae, "Insights from hashtag #supplychain and Twitter analytics: Considering Twitter and Twitter data for supply chain practice and research," Int. J. Prod. Econ., vol. 165, pp. 247–259, Jul 2015.

Copyright to IJARSCT www.ijarsct.co.in

DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-10053

IJARSCT



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJARSCT)

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

Volume 3, Issue 5, May 2023

- [14] M. De Choudhury, S. Counts, and E. Horvitz, "Predicting postpartum changes in emotion and behavior via social media," in Proc. SIGCHI Conf. Hum. Factors Comput. Syst., Apr. 2013, pp. 3267–3276.
- [15] A. Depoux, S. Martin, E. Karafillakis, R. Preet, A. Wilder-Smith, and H. Larson, "The pandemic of social media panic travels faster than the COVID-19 outbreak," J. Travel Med., vol. 27, no. 3, Apr. 2020, Art. no. taaa031.
- [16] J. Devlin, M.-W. Chang, K. Lee, and K. Toutanova, "BERT: Pre-training of deep bidirectional transformers for language understanding," in Proc. Conf. North Amer. Chapter Assoc. Comput. Linguistics, Human Lang. Technol., vol. 1. Minneapolis, MN, USA: Association for Computational Linguistics, Jun. 2019, pp. 4171–4186.
- [17] M. E. El Zowalaty and J. D. Järhult, "From SARS to COVID-19: A previously unknown SARS-related coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) of pandemic potential infecting humans—Call for a one health approach," One Health, vol. 9, Jun. 2020, Art. no. 100124.

DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-10053

